# RXT-4113+

# xWDM OTDR Series Modules CWDM, DWDM or New Legacy Optics OTDR Modules







The new RXT-4113+ is our latest generation xWDM OTDR module. Users can now select CWDM, DWDM, combo CWDM+DWDM or DWDM+Legacy optical configurations. Advanced hardware and powerful software supports the testing of both xWDM, Grey optics and single stage PON network architectures. Precise wavelength tuning, 3 cm resolution and up to 500,000 data points offers unprecedented network characterization.





# **Platform Highlights**

#### **Software**

- Advanced software architecture supports multiple test applications
- VeExpress<sup>™</sup> Cloud or Enterprise versions to maintain instrument firmware and manage test options or inventory
- EZ Remote software for flexible remote control and software upgrade
- Fiberizer® Desktop+ PC software for advanced trace analysis and report generation
- Fiberizer Cloud trace analysis and data management
- VeSion® R-server compatibility for centralized work force management and test results repository
- Optional fiber inspection scope (USB) with single or multifiber (MPO/MTP®) support

### Hardware

- High resolution, 7" full color TFT touch-screen viewable in any lighting condition
- Connectivity via 10/100Base-T Management interface, WiFi™, Bluetooth®, or 3G/LTE for back office applications
- Intelligent fan operation with built-in temperature sensor
- Interchangeable Li-ion battery pack for extended test time
- USB-A Interface for USB flash drives, USB wireless dongles and fiber inspection probe connection
- Optional built-in GPS module for Geotagging OTDR traces

# **Key Features**

#### Optical

- CWDM wavelengths per ITU-T G.694.2 (8, 10, or 18 channels)
- DWDM wavelengths per ITU-T G.694.1 (C-band, 1529.16 to 1563.86 nm, Channel #s 17-60) in 50, 100 or 200 GHz steps
  - Optional extended channel 14-62 available
  - TEC laser stabilization for hot and cold weather conditions
  - Built-in DWDM wavelength locker with ±2.5 GHz stability
- Legacy wavelengths include 1310, 1550 and 1625 live testing
- Sampling resolution up to 500,000 points
- Event dead zone <0.85 m, attenuation dead zone <3.5 m
- High dynamic range for long haul fibers and testing through xWDM Mux/demux
- Telcordia GR-196 and SR-4731.sor file formats
- Optional V-Scout mode Smart Link Mapping using intuitive icons derived from multiple test acquisitions
- Optional CWDM/DWDM/Legacy Light Source via OTDR port
- Optional broadband Optical Power Meter
- Optional VFL 650 nm light source
- Built-in G.657A2 launch fiber to characterize OTDR connections and short fiber spans
- Fixed connector or universal 2.5 mm optical interface with inter-changeable optical adaptors (SC/FC/LC)



Value added data post processing

Fiberizer Cloud

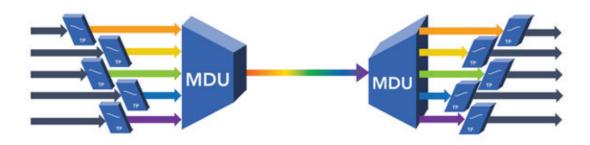
cloud.fiberizer.com

# **Wavelength-Division Multiplexing Primer**

#### Overview

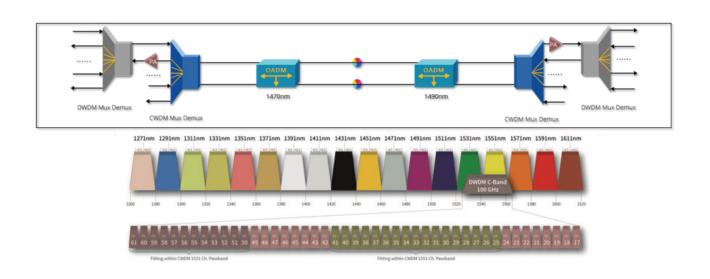
Wavelength-Division Multiplexing (WDM) has quickly become the technology of choice for high-capacity optical communication systems. WDM allows Service Providers to expand the capacity of their networks without having to install additional fiber.

In simple terms, WDM combines multiple signals simultaneously at different wavelengths onto the same fiber. A multiplexer combines the optical signals at the transmitter side while a de-multiplexer separates them at the receiver end.



### **ITU Frequency Bands in WDM Systems**

"Grids" are used for the location of nominal central frequencies in WDM systems. The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) has divided the wavelengths into a frequency grid for CWDM and DWDM.



#### **CWDM**

Coarse WDM can deploy up to 18 wavelengths with 20 nm channel spacing ranging from 1270 nm to 1610 nm. Although the ITU-T G.694.2 grid was amended in 2003 to shift the wavelength by 1nm, for simplicity the RXT4113+ will continue to use center wavelengths labels 1270 to 1610 nm. The wide channel spacing allows for the use of cheaper network components, including uncooled lasers and lower-quality multiplexers and de-multiplexers.

By today's standards, several CWDM wavelengths below 1470 nm are considered "unusable" on older G.652 fibers, due to the increased attenuation in the 1270-1470 nm bands. Newer fibers conforming to the G.652.C and G.652.D standards reduce the "water peak" attenuation considerably and can support operation for all 18 CWDM channels.

The CWDM spectrum prevents the use of erbium-doped fiber amplifiers which are generally optimized for 1550 nm transmission. As a result, CWDM deployments are often limited to 80 km and equipment is designed for short-range access and metro operation only.

#### **DWDM**

Dense WDM uses up to 49 channels at 100 GHz spacing or up to 98 channels with 50 GHz spacing. Dense channel spacing demands tight wavelength stability and thus requires cooled lasers. The ITU initially chose the Conventional band or C-band spectrum for DWDM operation since it offers the lowest fiber attenuation and it occupies the spectrum in which erbium doped optical amplifiers operate. Development of new fiber amplifiers promise to extend DWDM operation into the L-band.

# **CWDM/DWDM Network Testing**

Service providers utilizing WDM technology, need to install and troubleshoot using new OTDR test methods. Applications include:

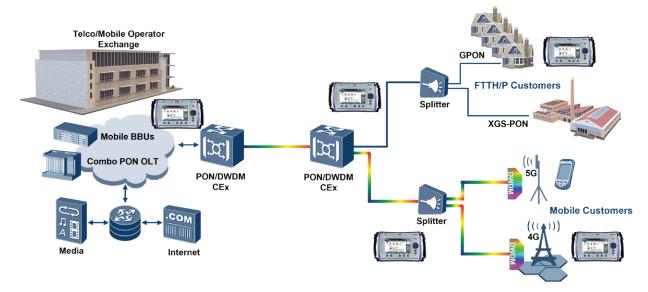
- Verify network performance at the discrete ITU-T grid wavelengths (CWDM or DWDM)
- · Verify end-to-end loss through multiplexers, OADM and de-multiplexers
- Verify attenuation and macro-bending across the transmission band or channel
- Continuity testing end-to-end using Source and Optical Spectrum Analyzer (OSA) prior to service turn up
- Wavelength provisioning to check new wavelength service and routing without disrupting traffic on live channels

The new RXT-4113 + xWDM OTDR module series supersedes the popular RXT-4111 DWDM, RXT-4112 CWDM OTDR and RXT-4113 modules. Whether the test application involves CWDM, DWDM or hybrid CWDM/DWDM, the RXT-4113+ OTDR module simplifies testing. A unified, intuitive user interface merges both test CWDM and DWDM applications - user can simply connect the fiber to the CWDM or DWDM OTDR port and move between MUX ports as required.

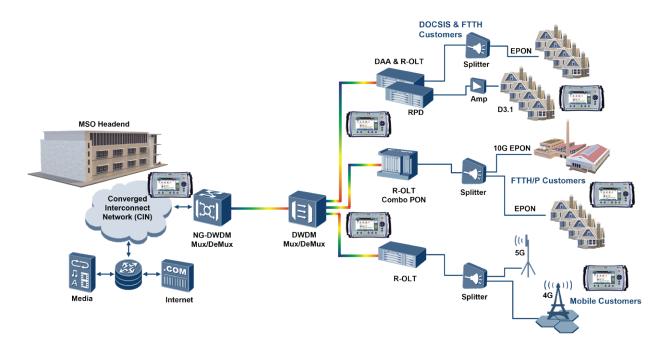
# xWDM/PON Network Testing

Technicians and engineers are recently being confronted by hybrid PON and xWDM networks. The new RXT-4113+ module's optical hardware and firmware has been designed to test both point-to-point and point-to-multipoint network architectures. Users can now enjoy the unique ability to test both xWDM and non-commissioned FTTH/P networks using a single test module. All VeEX OTDRs can be used to test PON with 1x6 single splitter. Testing cascade PON or 1x64 or more splits require specially tuned PON OTDRs.

### **Telco/Mobile Operator Test Application**



#### CaTV/MSO Operator Test Application

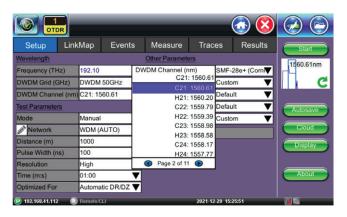


# **Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR)**

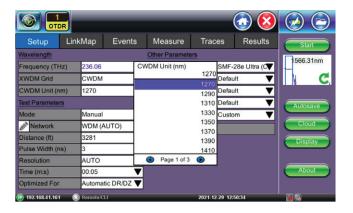
#### **Intuitive Test Setup**

Novice and expert users can quickly and easily configure test parameters for both CWDM and DWDM networks.

DWDM - Extended C-band is 98 wavelengths as defined in the ITU 6.694.1 grid are supported via a precise and stable tunable laser. Channel grids of 50, 100, and 200 GHz is supported.



CWDM - Configure with 8/10/18 wavelengths as defined in ITU G.694.2 grid. Simply select via pull down menu.

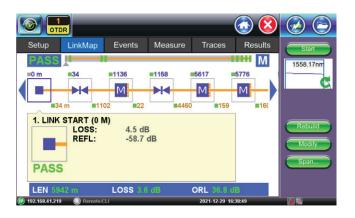


#### **Analysis Thresholds**

User defined thresholds for splice loss, connector loss, fiber lengths and reflectance can be preset to assess a fiber's condition.

#### V-Scout Link Mapping

Advanced algorithms analyze multiple test acquisitions and characterize the fiber using intuitive icons. This optional feature eliminates trace interpretation and provides greater fiber analysis confidence to the user, regardless of OTDR skill set.



### **Advanced Trace Analysis**

Reliable event detection and accurate analysis are crucial to document fiber links at the time of installation. These baseline records are essential to troubleshooting faulty networks and reducing system downtime afterwards.



The unit employs specialized software algorithms developed from years of experience to measure fiber attenuation including anomalies such as connectors, splices, and macro-bends.



#### **OTDR Results**

OTDR Traces are saved in Telcordia SR-4731 format in a logical hierarchy for easy sorting and storage.

Traces can be pushed directly to Fiberizer Cloud using any available internet connection or can be pulled for fault finding and reference purposes.



# **Fiber Inspection**

### DI-1000 and DI-3000 series Fiberscopes

VeEX offers cost effective fiberscopes for checking contamination on single and multi-fiber (MPO/MTP®) optical connectors. The RXT's large color display and advanced software automatically captures and freezes the focused image allowing connector end faces to be viewed in detail before end-face analysis is performed. Graphic and Tabular Pass/Fail results per the latest IEC 61300-3-35 standard are included.

## Connectivity

Depending on the fiberscope, connection with the RXT platform is either via the unit's micro-USB port or WiFi adaptor. The micro-USB interface provides power and wired communication/ operation with the manual focus DI-1000 series while the WiFi interface supports wireless operation with the new DI-3000 auto-focus series.





# **OTDR Trace Analysis and Documentation**

#### **Fiberizer Desktop Plus**

Fiberizer Desktop Plus is a PC software application to analyze traces acquired by the RXT-4113+ xWDM OTDR. Supplied as a standard accessory, users can edit traces manually, create event tables, generate reports using built-in templates and much more. This viewer displays trace files conforming to Telcordia (Belcore) GR-196 & SR-4731\*.sor format, and offers both 2-point and 5-point loss measurement modes. It also supports batch processing, a very useful feature for analyzing multiple fibers in a single cable. The software does not require Internet access to operate, but it can be interfaced with Fiberizer Cloud OTDR trace viewer at any time.

# **Work from Anywhere, Anytime**

### **Fiberizer Cloud**

Fiberizer Cloud not only empowers the OTDR, but also the workforce. Going way beyond traditional OTDR reporting methods or concepts, this cloud-based solution provides superior centralized test data management capabilities including powerful web based trace analyses. You can work from almost anywhere, at any time because Fiberizer Cloud is a full online web service.

## **Streamlining Onsite Data Reporting**

Fiber technicians and contractors tasked to validate new fiber installations or restoring cable routes after an outage are generally obliged to submit measured data (.sor files) and related documentation to the network operator as proof of delivery before being paid. Valuable time however is often wasted after the onsite work is completed, because critical test files are usually first stored to some local storage media before being transferred to a colleague via email for verification and further reporting.

Fiberizer Cloud streamlines this information exchange, eliminating costly paper, e-mail or other time-consuming communication methods - instead, time wastage can be avoided by transferring traces of jobs completed directly from the OTDR to Fiberizer Cloud. Professional PDF or MS Excel reporting functionality is also available, and users can create their own templates for reports. Bi- directional analysis of OTDR traces, tested from both ends of the optical fiber, can also be performed.

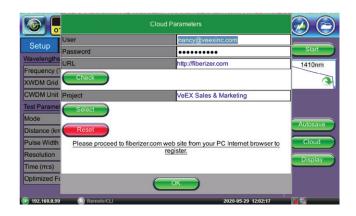


## **Fiberizer Cloud Connectivity**

Pair the RXT-4113+ OTDR using Bluetooth to a mobile smartphone, laptop or tablet PC and efficiently upload OTDR test data directly to the Cloud server using any available wireless technology (3G, WiFi).

### **Total Compatibility**

Fiberizer Cloud is compatible with both Windows and MacOS browsers, not limiting users to PC platforms only. OTDR trace files in Telcordia (Bellcore) GR-196 & SR-4731 \*.sor format is securely transferred via HTTPS connection, a fast reliable communication protocol commonly used in today's Internet applications. Another outstanding feature is compatibility with other OTDR vendor trace data formats, so users can reference or compare other OTDR traces and vice versa.





# Optical<sup>1</sup>

OTDR Parameter			
	DWDM	CWDM <sup>2</sup>	Grey/Standard
Wavelengths (nm), THz	C-band standard: 1529.16 to 1563.86 nm 191.70 to 196.05 THz Ch-17 to 60.5 Extended optional: 1527.6 to 1556.31 nm 191.4 to 196.25 THz	18-Chs: 1271/1291/1311/1331/1351/ 1371/1391/1411/1431/1451/1471/1491/ 1511/1531/1551/1571/1591/1611 10-Chs: 1431/1451/1471/1491/1511/ 1531/1551/1571/1591/1611 8-Chs: 1471/1491/1511/1531/1551/ 1571/1591/1611	1310/1550//1625
	Ch-14 to 62.5	13/1/1391/1011	
Wavelength/Frequency Accuracy	±2.5 GHz	±3 nm	±20/±20//±10
Spacing per ITU-T 694.x grid	50, 100, or 200 GHz	20 nm	n/a
Number of Channels	88 (Std.); Ch 17 to 60.5 range	8, 10 or 18 options	n/a
Dynamic Range (dB) <sup>1</sup>	41 dB typical	39.5 typical	40/38//39 dB typical
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio (dB)	40 (min) DWDM laser	n/a	
Pulse Widths (ns)	10 nsec to 20,000 nsec	3, 10, 25, 100, 300, 500, 1000, 300	0, 10000, 20000
Event Dead Zone (m) <sup>3</sup>	1.1 typ.	0.85 typ. wavelength dep	endent
Attenuation Dead Zone (m) <sup>4</sup>	<4 typ.	<3.5 typ. wavelength dep	endent
Distance Display Range (km)	0.1 to 400		
Distance Units	Kil	ometers, Meters, Kilofeet, Feet, Miles	
Distance Accuracy (m) <sup>1,6</sup>	±(0.5 + resolution + 3x10 <sup>-5</sup> x L)		
Sampling Resolution (m)	0.03 to 8.2 standard, 16 available		
Sampling Points	Up to 500,000		
Loss Readout Resolution (dB)	0.001		
Attenuation Linearity (dB/dB)	±0.03		
Group Index Range (IoR)	1.2000 to 1.8000 in .0001 steps		
Measurement Time	Fixed time intervals, Auto and Real Time (Live)		
Internal Memory Capacity (SD card)	>10,000 traces & link maps, Bellcore GR196 and Telcordia SR-4731 sor format		
Fiber Analysis	Automatic, event table, user defined PASS/FAIL thresholds		
Fiber Type	Single mode, 9/125 μm		
OTDR Laser Safety	Class 1, 21 CFR 1040.10		
Optical Connectors (OTDR/LS)	Fixed or Universal 2.5 mm, UPC or APC interface, FC/SC/ST/LC adaptors (optional)		ors (optional)
Laser Source Option	DWDM	CWDM <sup>2</sup>	Standard
Laser Source Power (dBm)		shares OTDR test port	
Power Output (dBm)		<+1.5 dBm	
Operating Modes	CW, 270, 330, 1000, 2000		
Stability (dB)	0.05 (15 min)		
Power Meter Option			
Calibrated Wavelengths (nm)	850, 1300, 1310, 1490, 1550, 1625, 1650		
Optional CWDM Wavelengths (nm)	1270, 1290, 1330, 1350, 1370, 1390, 1410, 1430, 1450, 1470, 1510, 1530, 1570, 1590, 1610		
WaveID	Standard feature; Auto detection of OLS wavelength		
Measurement Range (dBm)	-65 to +10 (PM1)/-50 to +25 (PM2)		
Accuracy, % (dB)	±5 (0.22 dB)		
Linearity, % (dB)	±2.5 (0.11 dB)		
Optical Connector	Non-contacting Universal Adapter SC/LC/FC/ST		
Visual Fault Locator Option			
Wavelength (nm)	650 ± 10		
Output (mW) <sup>7</sup>	<1		
Laser Safety	IEC 60825-1, Class II		
Optical Connector	Universal 2.5 mm	interface; optional 2.5 to 1.25 mm converter	adapter

#### Notes

- 1. Unless noted, all specifications are valid at 23°C ± 2°C (73.4°F ± 3.6°F) using FCUPC connectors.
- 2. Depends on module (8/10/18 options available). CWDM setup menu label is 1xx0nm.
- 3. Typical dynamic range using 20  $\mu$ sec after three-minute averaging and SNR = 1.
- 4. Typical deadzone using shortest pulse width -45 dB reflection.
- 5. Typical deadzone using shortest pulse width with -55 dB reflection; add 1 m for -45 dB reflection.
- 6. Excludes uncertainty due to fiber refractive index (IoR) setting; (0.5 + resolution + 5x10-5 x L) across full operating temperature range.
- 7. <1mW using SMF

Order #	CWDM + DWDM Modules	
Z07-22-185P	18 channels - CWDM 1270-1610nm//DWDM module	
Z07-22-186P	10 channels - CWDM 1430-1610nm//DWDM module	
Z07-22-187P	8 channels - CWDM 1470-1610//DWDM module	
DWDM Module		
Z07-22-191P	DWDM Tunable Ch 17-60 module	
DWDM + Standard Module		
Z07-22-225P	DWDM Tunable Ch 17-60 module and 1310/1550//1625nm(F) 40/38//39 dB OTDR	
CWDM Modules		
Z07-22-188P	18 channels - CWDM 1270-1610 nm module	
Z07-22-189P	10 channels - CWDM 1430-1610 nm module	
Z07-22-190P	8 channels - CWDM 1470-1610 nm module	
Z07-22-192P	10 channels - CWDM 1270-1450 nm module	

Additional Options		
499-05-638	V-Scout option	
499-05-710	Additional DWDM tuning C60-62	
499-05-829	Additional DWDM tuning C14-17, C60-62	
499-05-841	Additional CWDM OPM calibration 1271-1611 nm	
Z66-00-170P	Standard OPM + 10 to -65 dBm option	
Z66-00-171P	High Power OPM + 25 to -50 dBm option	
Z66-00-322P	Visual Fault Locator option	
F99-00-158G	FC-1.25 mm Conversion Adapter	
Z66-00-168P	Light Source Option (single port OTDR modules)	
Z66-00-268P	Light Source Option (multi-port OTDR modules)	
Z06-00-008P	DI-1000 wired FiberScope	
Z06-00-040P	DI-1000MPO wired FiberScope with built-in XY control	
Z06-00-043P	DI-3000 WiFi FiberScope	

# **General Specifications**

Battery

Power Supply (AC Adaptor)

**Operating Temperature** 

Storage Temperature

Size (including chassis) 290 x 140 x 66 mm (W x H x D) Display TFT 7" full color touch-screen display

11.40 x 5.50 x 2.60 in Ruggedness 1m flat drop on all sides

Weight (including chassis) Less than 3 kg (less than 6.6 lb) Management Interfaces USB, RJ45, 10/100-T Ethernet,

Li-ion smart battery, 5200 mAh 10.8 VDC

Input: 100-240 VAC, 50-60 Hz

Bluetooth (optional), Data Card/GPS
(optional)

Output: 16 VDC, 5.5 A WiFi (optional)

10 VDC, 5.5 A

0°C to 50°C (32°F to 113°F)

Languages

Multiple languages supported

-20°C to 70°C (-4°F to 158°F)

System Memory

Mbyte RAM, 16 Gbyte SD

Humidity 5% to 95% non-condensing

